

# POLICY & PLANNING COMMITTEE

## Meeting Summary – April 13, 2022

**COMMISSIONERS REPRESENT:** Cruz Baca, Tony Bell, Deena Duncan, Joseph Essavi, Jack Hadjinian, Jeremiah Hart, Lou La Monte, Tonya McKenzie, Sharona R. Nazarian, Monica Sanchez, Jerry G. Velasco, and Wendie Warwick

**GUEST REGISTER:** William Gould

**MATERIAL DISTRIBUTED:** Policy and Planning Committee April 2022 Agenda; Policy and Planning Committee March 2022 Minutes – Draft; P&P Handout - AB 864 Controlled substances CURES database; P&P Handout - Motion in support of SB 793; P&P Handout - Motion in support of SB 1016; P&P Handout - SB 793 Alcoholic beverages music venue; P&P Handout - SB 1016 Special Education FASD

Topic	Discussion/Finding	Recommendations, Action, Follow-up
1. Welcome and Introductions	Chair Deena Duncan, County of Los Angeles, the Commission on Alcohol and Other Drugs (CAOD) Policy and Planning Committee convened the meeting at 12:04 p.m.	
2. Approval of Meeting Minutes	<p>Quorum now present.</p> <p>Chair Deena Duncan asked for a motion to accept the minutes of the March 2022 meeting.</p>	Chair Deena Duncan entertained a motion which was moved to approve by Comm. Sharona R. Nazarian and second by Comm. Tony Bell. Motion carried with 1 abstention by Comm. Tonya McKenzie.
3. Pending Legislation	<p>William Gould, Health Program Analyst II, Policy and Strategic Initiatives Unit Strategic and Network Development Branch for Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (SAPC), provided an update on the following legislation:</p> <p><a href="#">SB 793</a> (Wiener) Alcoholic beverages: music venue license: entertainment zones: consumption. This bill authorizes the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to issue a music venue license to allow alcohol to be sold for consumption in music entertainment facilities. The bill would limit a music venue licensee’s authorization to sell, serve, and permit consumption of alcoholic beverages to the time period from 2 hours before a live performance until one hour after the live performance, subject to an existing law provision that makes selling, giving, delivering, or purchasing an alcoholic beverage a misdemeanor. This bill, additionally, would authorize a licensed beer manufacturer, a licensed winegrower, and any on-sale licensee to permit consumers to leave the premises with open containers of alcoholic beverages for consumption off the premises within an entertainment zone, subject to certain conditions. The bill would define “entertainment zone” for purposes of the</p>	

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	<p>Alcoholic Beverage Control Act as a zone created by a city, county, or city and county ordinance on or after January 1, 2023, that authorizes consumption of one or more types of alcoholic beverages on public streets, sidewalks, or public rights-of-way in that zone.</p> <p>Latest Update: 01/10/22 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 32. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly. Read first time in Assembly. Held at Desk.</p> <p>January Update: 01/04/22- In Senate. Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p> <p><a href="#">SB 864</a> (Melendez and Bates): General acute care hospitals: drug screening: Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of health facilities, including general acute care hospitals, by the State Department of Public Health. A violation of these provisions is a crime.</p> <p>This bill would require a general acute care hospital to include a urine drug screening for fentanyl if a person is treated at the hospital and the hospital conducts a urine drug screening to assist in diagnosing the patient's condition.</p> <p>Latest Update: Set for hearing at Senate Committee on Appropriations on April 18</p> <p>3/24/22 Referred to Senate Committee on Appropriations</p> <p>3/23/22 Heard in the Senate Committee on Health. Amended and passed 11-0</p> <p>2/14/22 - Read second time and amended. Re-referred to the Senate Committee on Health</p> <p><a href="#">SB 1016</a> (Portantino): Special education: eligibility: fetal alcohol spectrum disorder: Existing law requires all children with disabilities residing in the state, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services, to be identified, located, and assessed. Existing regulations adopted by the State Board of Education provide that a child who is assessed as having a specified health impairment or other health impairment is entitled to special education and related services. Those regulations define "other health impairment" as having limited strength, vitality, or alertness, including a heightened alertness to environmental stimuli, that results in limited alertness with respect to the environment that is due to a chronic or acute health problem and adversely affects the child's educational performance. This bill would require the state board to include "fetal alcohol spectrum disorder" in that definition of "other health impairment." By broadening the group of pupils eligible for special education and related services, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program</p> <p>Latest Update: 4/4/22 Senate Appropriations Committee Hearing. Placed on suspense file.</p> <p>3/25/22 Set for hearing Senate Committee on Appropriations on 4/4/22. 3/23/22 – Passed out of Senate Committee.on</p>	

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	<p>Education 7-0. Referred to the Senate Committee on Appropriations Update: 03/01/22 Referred to Senate Committee on Education.</p> <p><a href="#">SB 1097</a> (Pan): Cannabis and cannabis products: labeling and advertisement: This bill, on and after January 1, 2025, and in addition to the currently prescribed warnings, would require cannabis or a cannabis product, other than those for topical use, to include a warning label that covers at least 1 /3 of the front or principal face of a product, is in 12-point type, is bright yellow, and includes a pictorial or graphic element, and one of a series of warnings. The bill would require the Department of Cannabis Control (DCC), in consultation with the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) and the University of California San Francisco Center for Tobacco Control Research and Education, to either recertify the warnings or provide updated warning label language and designs every 5 years commencing January 1, 2030. This bill would require the DCC, on or before January 1, 2024, and in consultation with the CDPH, to create a single-page flat or folded brochure that includes steps for safer use of cannabis and the set of health warnings required for the labels. The bill would require, on and after March 1, 2024, a retailer or microbusiness selling, or the person delivering, cannabis or cannabis products to a consumer to provide the consumer with the brochure. The bill would require until the brochure is developed, a retailer or microbusiness selling, or person delivering, cannabis or cannabis products to a consumer to provide the consumer with a flier including the health warnings. The bill would require DCC, commencing January 1, 2030, and every 5 years thereafter, to either recertify the information in the brochure or provide updated language, as specified. This bill, on and after January 1, 2024, would require print advertisements and written internet advertisement displays that promote cannabis, a cannabis product, or a cannabis brand, as defined, to include the pictorial or graphic element and the rotating warnings in a manner similar to what is required on the labels, to cover at least 15% of the face of the advertisement. Latest Update: Set for hearing at Senate Committee on Appropriations on April 18 3/16/22 – Set for Hearing on April 4 03/16/22 Set for hearing April 4. 02/23/22 Referred to Com. on B., P. &amp; E.D</p> <p><a href="#">AB 666</a> (Quirk Silva): Existing law imposes various requirements on the State Department of Health Care Services relating to the administration of alcohol and drug programs, including, but not limited to, providing funds to counties for planning and implementing local programs to alleviate problems related to alcohol and other drug use, reviewing and certifying alcohol and other drug programs that</p>	

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	<p>meet state standards, developing and maintaining a centralized data collection system to gather and obtain information on the status of the alcohol and other drug abuse problems in the state, and licensing and regulating alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities.</p> <p>This bill, the Combating the Overdose and Addiction Epidemic by Building the Substance Use Disorder Workforce (CODE W) Act, would require the department, on or before July 1, 2023, to issue a statewide substance use disorder (SUD) workforce needs assessment report that evaluates the current state of the SUD workforce, determines barriers to entry into the SUD workforce, and assesses the state's systems for regulating and supporting the SUD workforce. The bill would authorize the Department of Health Care Access and Information to implement SUD workforce development programming that includes a number of program elements, including stipends to cover costs related to testing, registration, and certification for specified individuals, and tuition reimbursements for undergraduate and graduate students who complete coursework in programs related to SUDs. The bill would make implementation of the SUD workforce development programming contingent upon an appropriation by the Legislature for that purpose, as specified.</p> <p>Latest Update 03/09/22 Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 7, Statutes of 2022. 03/09/22 Approved by the Governor.</p> <p>03/01/22 Enrolled and presented to the Governor</p> <p>02/22/22 Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 68. Noes 0)</p> <p><a href="#">AB 2473</a>, (Nazarian): Substance use disorder: counselors: Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of adult alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services and authorizes the department to enforce those provisions. Existing law also requires the department to require that an individual providing counseling services within a program be certified by a certifying organization approved by the department. This bill would require the department to specify minimum requirements and core competencies for registered and certified counselors, as specified. The bill would require registered and certified counselor curriculums to include, at a minimum, specified elements, including understanding the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and clinical documentation. The bill would prohibit minimum hour requirements for registered counselors from being lower than the minimum hour requirements for certified peer support specialists or other nonclinical behavioral health staffing categories.</p> <p>Latest Update: 03/31/22 Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.</p> <p>03/30/22 From committee chair, with author's amendments:</p>	

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	<p>Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.  March Update 03/10/22 Referred to Assembly Health Committee  February Update: 02/17/22 Read for first time</p> <p><a href="#">AB-2896</a> (Santiago): Alcoholic beverages: third-party delivery platforms: Existing law, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, which is administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, regulates the application, issuance, and suspension of alcoholic beverage licenses. Under the act, every person who sells, furnishes, gives, or causes to be sold, furnished, or given away any alcoholic beverage to any person under 21 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would authorize the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to enforce the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act against third-party delivery platform violators and make related legislative findings and declarations.  Latest Update: 03/28/22 Re-referred to Com. on G.O.  03/24/22 From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on G.O. Read second time and amended. 03/24/22 Referred to Com. on G.O.  Feb Update 2/19/22 - From printer.</p>	
<p>4. Discussion and possible action on SB793, SB1097 &amp; SB1016</p>	<p>Committee discussed bringing recommendation concerning SB 793 and 1016 to the Commission at large.</p>	<p>Chair Deena Duncan entertained a motion which was moved to approve by Comm. Tony Bell and second by Comm. Baca Cruz. Motion was carried with 1 abstention from Comm. Jerry G. Velasco.</p>
<p>5. Comments from Commissioners on items of interest</p>	<p>No Comments from Commissioners.</p>	
<p>6. Public comments (Comments from the public on items of interest within Commission's Subject Matter Jurisdiction)</p>	<p>No public comments.</p>	

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7. Adjourn to the next meeting of the commission	Meeting was adjourned at 12:31 p.m.	

**Next meeting: May 11, 2022**

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