### ALOXONE CAN SAVE A LIFE!

#### What You Need to Know About Naloxone:

- It is a medication used to temporarily reverse the effects of an opioid overdose
- It is not harmful if given to someone who is not overdosing from taking opioids or not overdosing at all
- It has no drug interactions and no lethal dosage limit
- It can NOT cause an overdose and is NOT addictive
- It wears off in 30 to 90 minutes, so the overdose can come back

You can get Naloxone directly from a pharmacy or community-based organizations.

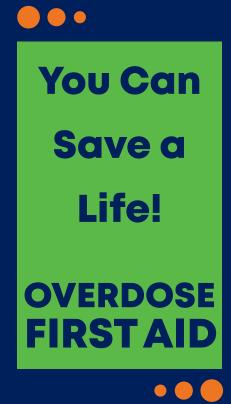
For more information, go to the Safe and Active Communities Branch at www.cdph.ca.gov. If you, a loved one, or someone you know needs treatment, call us anytime, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

## SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICE HELPLINE

Treatment Works and Recovery is Possible!

SAPC Substance Abuse Prevention and Control







# How to Recognize and Respond to an Opioid Overdose

## • Signs someone may be overdosing:

Not breathing or shallow breathing

Gurgling sounds or snoring loudly **Skin feels** clammy and cold

**Cannot be** awakened or cannot speak

Lips and nails are blue















### • What to do:



Someo' is not responsiv Shake and shout



#### **Rescue Breathing: 1** Place person on back



2 Tilt up chin to open airway

- **3** Check to see if there is anything in mouth, if so clear it
- **4** Pinch nose, do mouth-to-mouth, give two breaths
- **5** After 5 seconds, breathe again
- **6** Give a breath every 5 seconds

#### **Recovery Position:**



If no response after 2-5 minutes, give a second full dose in the other nostril

If no response, spray the full

dose of naloxone into one nostril



**Check for breathing** 



**Rescue breathing** and recovery position



Wait with them until help arrives





- 1 Turn person onto their side
- **2** Head tilted back slightly to open airway
- **3 Hand supports head**
- **4** Knee stops body from rolling into stomach





