Prenatal Care

TITLE V INDICATOR TEMPLATE

INDICATOR:	First Trimester Onset of Prenatal Care (PNC)
DEFINITION:	The percent of live born infants whose mothers received prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy
NUMERATOR:	The number of live births to women who received prenatal care during the first trimester, by place of residence, in a calendar year
DENOMINATOR:	The total number of live births, by place of residence, in a calendar year
HEALTHY PEOPLE 2020 OBJECTIVE:	Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy to 77.9 percent of live births. (Baseline: 70.8 percent of pregnant women in 2007) (Objective MICH-10.1)
RISK FACTORS:	For not obtaining early prenatal care: Low income; young maternal age/teen pregnancy; low maternal education level; race/ethnicity (African American, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaska Native); high parity; maternal substance abuse; lack of health insurance; lack of obstetric providers

Denominator: Live Births

LA County

151,813 147,684

139,679 133,160

130,313

131,697 128,526

130,150

124,507

122,941

Year

2007

2008 2009

2010 2011

2012

2013

2014 2015

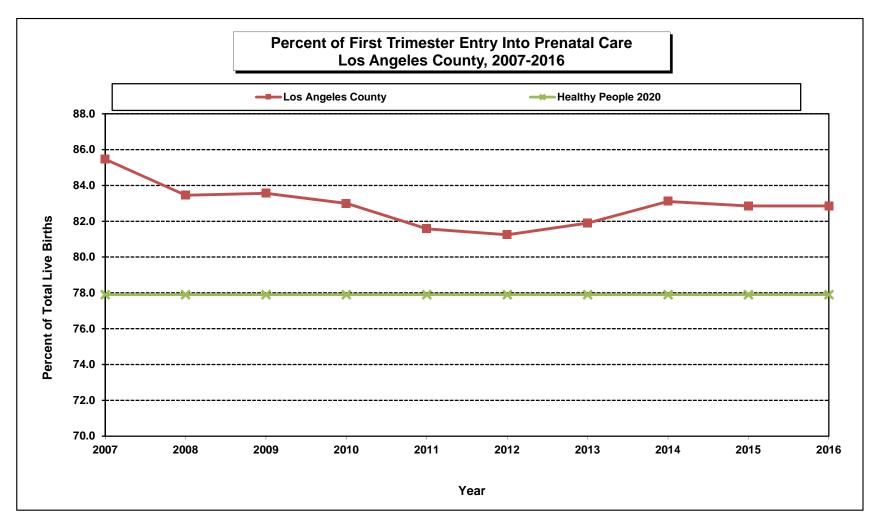
2016

	Los Angeles County, 2016								
Year	First TrimesterPr	enatal Care	95% Confidence	e Interval					
F	Number	Percent	Lower	Upper					
2007	129,741	85.5	85.3	85.6					
2008	123,251	83.5	83.3	83.6					
2009	116,717	83.6	83.4	83.8					
2010	110,516	83.0	82.8	83.2					
2011	106,307	81.6	81.4	81.8					
2012	106,996	81.2	81.0	81.5					
2013	105,259	81.9	81.7	82.1					
2014	108,161	83.1	82.9	83.3					
2015	103,155	82.9	82.6	83.1					
2016	101,858	82.9	82.6	83.1					

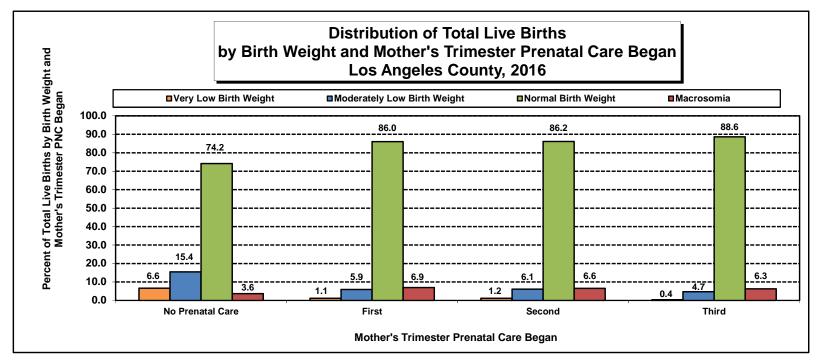
Notes: The decrease in first-trimester entry into prenatal care in 2007 is due at least in part to a recategorization of this data in birth certificates.

This measure excludes the prenatal care experiences of all women whose pregnancies did not result in live births.

Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016

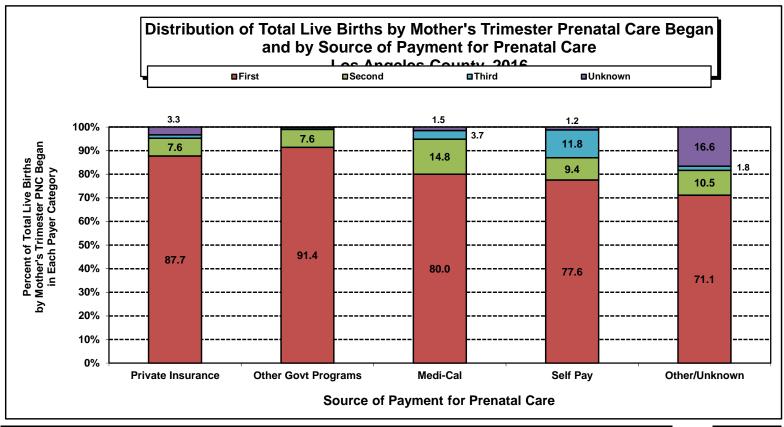


Year 2020 Objective: Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive prenatal care in the first trimester of pregnancy to 77.9 percent of live births. Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016



			Los Ange	les County					
Mother's Trimester	Very Low B	irth Weight	-	/ Low Birth ight	Normal Bi	rth Weight	Macro	somia	
Prenatal Care Began	0 to 1,49	9 grams	1,500 to 2,	499 grams	2,500 to 3,	999 grams	4,000+	grams	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
No Prenatal Care	38	6.6	89	15.4	428	74.2	21	3.6	
irst	1,147	1.1	6,032	5.9	87,635	86.0	7,041	6.9	
econd	158	1.2	830	6.1	11,697	86.2	890	6.6	
hird	15	0.4	176	4.7	3,331	88.6	236	6.3	
Inknown	72	2.3	226	7.1	2,659	83.8	214	6.7	
otal	1,430	1.2	7,353	6.0	105,750	86.0	8,402	6.8	

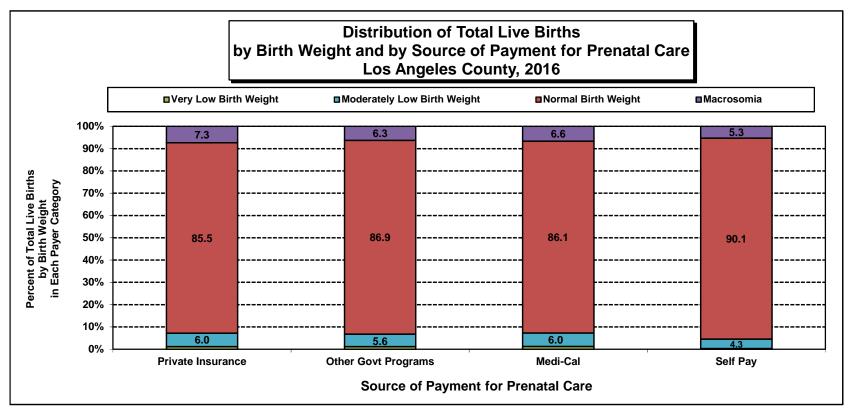
Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016.



			Los Angele	es County					
			Mother	's Trimester I	Prenatal Care	Began			Total Live
Source of Payment for Prenatal Care	Fir	st	Sec	ond	Th	ird	Unkn	lown	Births
Tor Trenatar Gare	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Private Insurance	46,460	87.7	4,000	7.6	746	1.4	1,765	3.3	52,971
Other Govt Programs	2,391	91.4	199	7.6	19	0.7	7	0.3	2,616
Medi-Cal	45,359	80.0	8,398	14.8	2,082	3.7	848	1.5	56,687
Self Pay	5,671	77.6	687	9.4	862	11.8	91	1.2	7,311
Other/Unknown	1,977	71.1	291	10.5	49	1.8	462	16.6	2,779
Total	101,858	82.9	13,575	11.0	3,758	3.1	3,173	2.6	122,941

Note: The sum of certain categories may not equate to countywide totals as women who did not receive prenatal care (n=577) were excluded from this analysis.

Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016.



			Los Ange	les County					
Source of Payment	Very Low Bi	rth Weight	Moderately Weig		Normal Bir	th Weight	Macros	omia	Total I Birth
for Prenatal Care	0 to 1,499) grams	1,500 to 2,4	99 grams	2,500 to 3,9	999 grams	4,000+ ç	grams	Dirti
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Private Insurance	605	1.1	3,196	6.0	45,286	85.5	3,883	7.3	5
Other Govt Programs	30	1.1	147	5.6	2,274	86.9	165	6.3	
Medi-Cal	701	1.2	3,426	6.0	48,804	86.1	3,754	6.6	5
Self Pay	20	0.3	314	4.3	6,590	90.1	387	5.3	
Other/Unknown	36	1.3	181	6.5	2,368	85.2	192	6.9	
Total	1,430	1.2	7,353	6.0	105,750	86.0	8,402	6.8	12

Note: The sum of certain categories may not equate to countywide totals as women who did not receive prenatal care (n=577) were excluded from this analysis. Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016.

TITLE V INDICATOR TEMPLATE

INDICATOR:	Percent of Total Live Births by Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization (APNCU) Index
DEFINITION:	The percent of live born infants whose mothers received adequate prenatal care as defined by the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index (APNCU) developed by Milton Kotelchuck. This index does not assess the quality of the prenatal care that is delivered.
NUMERATOR:	The number of live births to women who received adequate care, as defined by the APNCU criteria, by place of residence, in a calendar year
DENOMINATOR:	The total number of live births, by place of residence, in a calendar year
HEALTHY PEOPLE 2020 OBJECTIVE:	Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive early and adequate prenatal care to 77.6 percent of live births. (Baseline: 70.5 percent of pregnant women in 2007) (Objective MICH–10.2)
RISK FACTORS:	Inadequate Prenatal Care

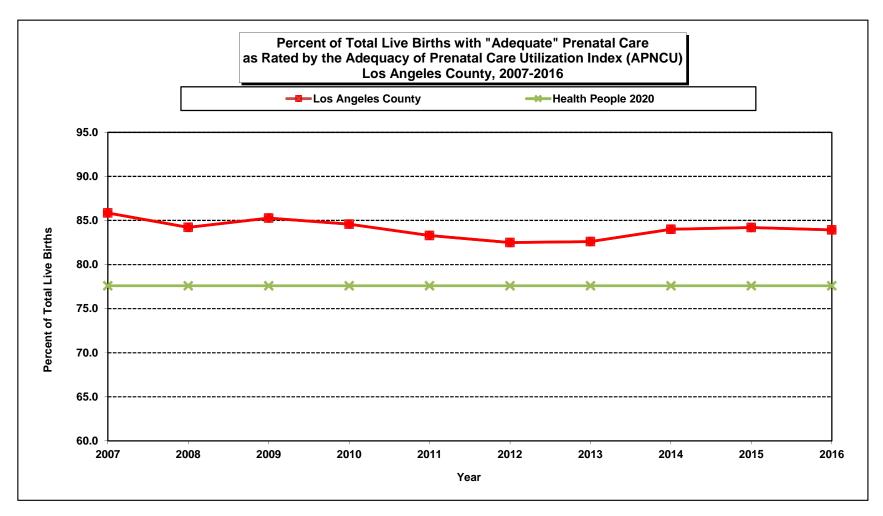
Low income; young maternal age/teen pregnancy; low maternal education level; race/ethnicity (African American, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan Native); high parity; maternal substance abuse; lack of health insurance; lack of obstetric providers

		Los Angeles C	ounty, 2016	
Year	Adequate P	renatal Care	95% Confid	ence Interval
	Number	Percent	Lower	Upper
2007	130,333	85.9	85.7	86.0
2008	124,381	84.2	84.0	84.4
2009	119,111	85.3	85.1	85.5
2010	112,631	84.6	84.4	84.8
2011	108,553	83.3	83.1	83.5
2012	108,651	82.5	82.3	82.7
2013	106,172	82.6	82.4	82.8
2014	109,340	84.0	83.8	84.2
2015	104,838	84.2	84.0	84.4
2016	103,192	83.9	83.7	84.1

	ninator: Births
Year	LA County
2007	151,813
2008	147,684
2009	139,679
2010	133,160
2011	130,313
2012	131,697
2013	128,523
2014	130,150
2015	124,507
2016	122,941

Year 2020 Objective: Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive early and adequate prenatal care to 77.6 percent of live births.

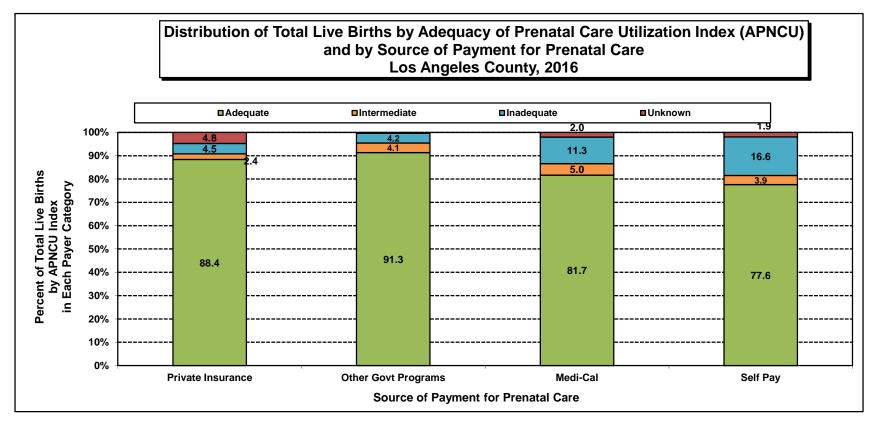
Notes: The APNCU Index measures prenatal care utilization, which includes consideration of the month prenatal care began and the number of prenatal care visits during the time mothers actually received prenatal care. This utilization index is based on the recommendations established by the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecologists Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016



Year 2020 Objective: Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive early and adequate prenatal care to 77.6 percent of live births.

Notes: The APNCU Index measures prenatal care utilization, which includes consideration of the month prenatal care began and the number of prenatal care visits during the time mothers actually received prenatal care. This utilization index is based on the recommendations established by the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecologists (ACOG).

Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016.



			Los Ang	eles County					
Source of Payment		A	dequacy of Prei	natal Care Utiliz	ation Index				_
for Prenatal Care	Adequ	late	Intermo	ediate	Inadec	luate	Unkn	own	_
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	_
Private Insurance	46,820	88.4	1,268	2.4	2,361	4.5	2,522	4.8	
Other Govt Programs	2,389	91.3	108	4.1	109	4.2	10	0.4	
Medi-Cal	46,291	81.7	2,821	5.0	6,422	11.3	1,153	2.0	
Self Pay	5,675	77.6	286	3.9	1,210	16.6	140	1.9	
Other/Unknown	2,017	72.6	78	2.8	161	5.8	523	18.8	
Total	103,192	83.9	4,561	3.7	10,840	8.8	4,348	3.5	

Note: The sum of certain categories may not equate to countywide totals as women who did not receive prenatal care (n=577) were excluded from this analysis.

Data Source: California Department of Public Health, Birth Statistical Master Files, 2016.