This week at a glance

**Activity:** The rate of emergency-department visits for influenza-like illness continues to increase and is higher than the rate observed during week 49 of the previous five seasons (Page 2).

**Severity:** The percentage of deaths reported in Los Angeles County with pneumonia or influenza as a cause of death remained about the same as last week and is lower than the same week in previous seasons (Page 3).

**Virology:** The percentage of specimens testing positive for influenza during week 49 was higher than four of the last five influenza seasons. Influenza B continues to predominate in Los Angeles County (Page 4). Nationally, influenza B/Victoria was the most commonly detected virus.

**Vaccine match and effectiveness:** Vaccine effectiveness data will not be available until mid-season. CDC conducts viral antigen testing to assess how similar circulating viral strains are to the strains included in the vaccine. To date, CDC reports the following:

- 100% of tested influenza A (H1N1) viruses are antigenically similar to the vaccine strain.
- 70% of tested influenza A (H3N2) viruses are antigenically similar to the vaccine strain.
- 62.5% of tested influenza B/Victoria viruses are antigenically similar to the vaccine strain.
- 100% of tested influenza B/Yamagata viruses are antigenically similar to the vaccine strain.

### ED-ILI Trend

| This week | 45 |
| Last week | 42 |
| Rate per 1,000 visits to a Los Angeles County* emergency department for influenza-like illness (ED-ILI). |

### P&I Trend

| This week | 8.9% |
| Last week | 8.4% |
| Number of deaths recorded in Los Angeles County* that were caused by pneumonia or influenza (P&I). |

### Viral Surveillance

| This week | 8.7% |
| Last week | 7.6% |
| Percent of respiratory specimens tested by participating clinical laboratories in Los Angeles County were positive for influenza.

*Los Angeles County DPH surveillance data excludes the cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

**The influenza-surveillance period starts with MMWR week 40 and runs through week 39 of the following year. The 2019-20 season started on September 29, 2019.
Influenza-like illness

ACDC’s Syndromic Surveillance Project monitors initial self-reported symptoms from patients presenting to participating emergency departments throughout Los Angeles County. These symptoms are categorized into different clinical syndromes according to specific code words. The syndrome of ILL includes symptoms such as: fever, congestion, sneezing, sore throat, runny nose, and cough. The proportion of ILL emergency department (ED) visits for all ages and by age group is analyzed weekly and is conducted year-round.

Emergency department visits for influenza-like illness, per 1,000, Los Angeles County 2015-16 through 2019-20 influenza seasons

Emergency department visits for influenza-like illness by age groups, Los Angeles County, 2019-20 influenza season
Pneumonia and Influenza
Each week, the Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology at LACDPH reports the total number of death certificates received and the number of those for which pneumonia or influenza (P&I) was listed as the underlying or contributing cause of death by age group. The percentage of all deaths due to P & I is calculated and compared to previous season’s data.

Vital statistic data: *The reporting period is a 7-day week ending on Saturday. The number of deaths is the number of certificates received by the Office of Vital Records during the reporting period regardless of date of death. The count includes all certificates of deaths (excludes fetal deaths) occurring in the County of Los Angeles* regardless of the residence of the deceased. As a result, many deaths included in this report are from out of county.*Deaths that occurred in Long Beach and Pasadena are excluded. When confirmed, any influenza associated deaths are included in the death count above.
Viral surveillance data is provided by eight clinical laboratories serving hospitals and healthcare networks across Los Angeles County. Participating laboratories provide the number of positive tests and total number of specimens tested for influenza and respiratory syncytial virus. Data is reported on a weekly basis; weeks start on Sunday and end the following Saturday. Many participating laboratories also report data on other respiratory viruses.
Percent respiratory specimens positive by viral etiology, Los Angeles County
Sentinel Surveillance Labs 2019-20 Influenza Season

Respiratory specimens testing positive for RSV at LA County Sentinel
Laboratories, 2019-20 season